



It depends on the right GTIN

Guideline for the allocation of article numbers for fresh fruits and vegetables

In cooperation with



GS1 Tech

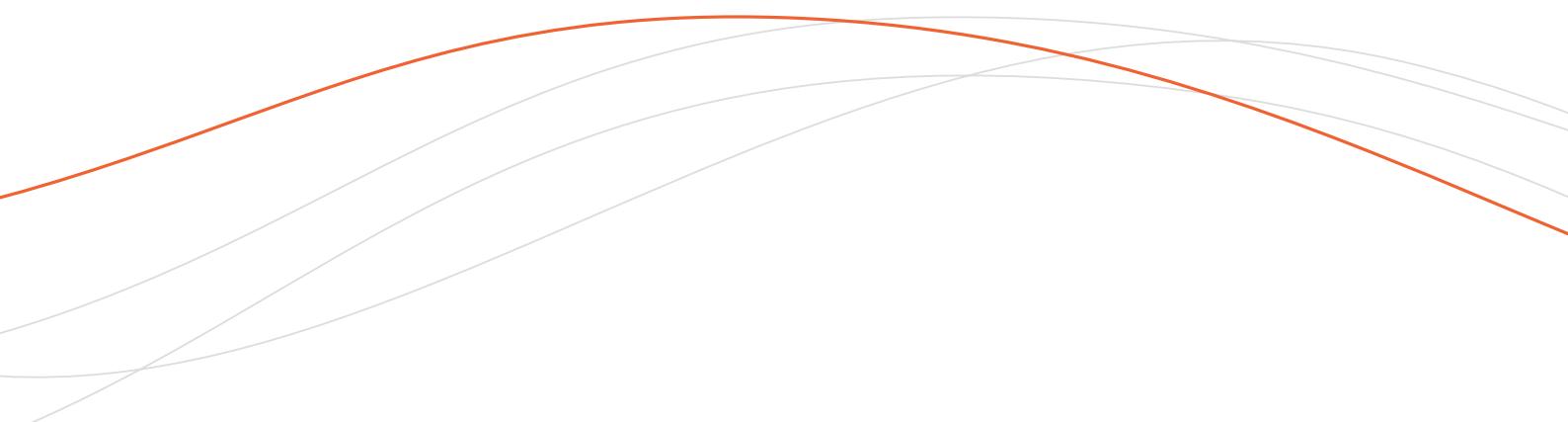


GS1 Germany at a glance

GS1 Germany supports companies from all sectors in the adoption and practical implementation of modern communication and process standards, in order to improve the efficiency of their business processes. Within Germany, the company is responsible for the maintenance and continued development of the GS1 article identification system GTIN for globally unique identification, which in turn serves as the basis for bar codes. Moreover, GS1 Germany supports the application of new technologies for fully automatic object identification (EPC/RFID) and offers customer-orientated solutions (ECR – Efficient Consumer Response).

GS1: Global Standards One.

Based in Cologne, the private sector company belongs to the international network "Global Standards One" (GS1) as one of the largest of more than 100 national GS1 organisations worldwide. The German Markenverband and the EHI Retail Institute hold equal shares in GS1 Germany.



Uniquely identified

Efficient order and delivery processes, flexibility and traceability: the demands of the fruits and vegetables business have constantly increased over the last years. By means of an unique product identification – which can be achieved by using the GS1 standards – these demands can be fulfilled by large, medium and small sized companies. The enormous range of items and trading units requires a very detailed description of product specifications – It depends on the right GTIN (Global Trade Item Number).

It is usual business for the fruit and vegetable sector to provide fresh products every day. Consumers value the high quality and wide range of fruits and vegetables on the shelves of their retail stores. But supply and demand can change quickly in the short term owed to climate and season. This makes it very important for fruit and vegetable retailers to be able to react rapidly and flexible to

have the right products in their stores. Most of the retailers automate their inventory management and logistic processes by using the globally applicable GS1 Standards. More and more retailers expect modern standards for product identification from their suppliers combined with automated electronic data processing. It is for them, as it is for other sectors, the only way to manage ordering,

goods receiving and labelling of their products easily and without occurring problems. Nowadays, no industry sector can avoid exchanging detailed and transparent product information like: Country of origin, growing method, size, form and colour or the way of packaging.

Until now, uncertainty in the fruit & vegetable sector was great, concerning

Example: Prepacked units, Differentiation

False: GTIN 4311501991008 for "Iceberg Lettuce"	Correct:
<p>Why:</p> <p>>> Lettuce has to be differentiated by country of origin, size, class (grade) (EU 543/2011 B 4)</p> <p>>> Their packaging (a protective packaging in this instance) is for the target market Germany liable to licence fees according the „Verpackungsverordnung“.</p>	<p>>> GTIN 4311501991015 for "Iceberg Spain class I 9er foiled"</p> <p>>> GTIN 4311501991022 for "Iceberg Spain class I 10 foiled"</p> <p>>> GTIN 4311501991039 for "Iceberg Germany class II 8er foiled"</p>



Example: Pre-packed units, Variety Packs/Mixes

False: GTIN 4311501991046 for "Tomato Mix"	Correct:
<p>Why:</p> <p>>> Tomatoes are differentiated by country of origin and class (grade) (EU 543/2011 B 10), for class II the size is optional. Further there must be made a difference in growing method between conventional and organic (EG 889/2008). There are different brands and different packagings.</p>	<p>>> GTIN 4311502112846 for „Merida Cherry Tomatoes Trimix Netherlands extra class 200 g dish with cap“</p> <p>>> GTIN 4311527003167 for „Cozumel Bio Wild Wonders Tomatoes Mix Netherlands class II 200 g beaker with cap“</p> 

the way to provide the right article number (GTIN). It is not always the same product from what it seems, asparagus is not asparagus and also tomatoes and oranges show a great diversity of species. Affected by this, the producer always has to find an answer to the question of how many different GTINs he will have to create to uniquely describe his product's varieties fitting into existing trade regulations. To provide companies a clear orientation, GS1 Germany and

experts from the fruit and vegetable sector defined unique allocation rules. The present guide gives a short overview for the complete assortment of fruit and vegetable products and shows in which cases a separate GTIN allocation is necessary.

The GTIN – Basis for effective trade processes

The GTIN (Global Trade Identification Number, formerly EAN) is part of the global GS1 system and helps to uniquely

identify products, selling units, trading units and services. The GTIN enables companies to capture product data automatically, for example by barcode scan, from harvest to point-of-sale. Furthermore it provides the basis for electronic data interchange (EDI) between suppliers and retailers. From product ordering by electronic systems to reliable identification in warehouses and availability on the shelves of the retail store – trading partners can optimize their bilateral

trading processes regardless of restrictions of sector or country.

Where the GTIN is used?

The GTIN identifies loose or pre-packed trade items at any stage of the supply chain up to the end consumer. Depending on the barcode symbology used, the GTIN is accompanied by e.g. batch or lot number on the trade or logistic unit (for example crate, carton or pallet). On the GS1 transport label the GTIN

identifies the trade unit/logistic unit. For this usage GS1 provides guidelines for labelling based on their standards. In electronic messages as order, despatch advice and invoice the GTIN identifies consumer units as well as sales units/trade units.

Who is responsible for GTIN allocation?

In order to ensure the use of the GTIN along the entire supply chain, the

GTIN should be allocated as early as possible. In the fruit and vegetable sector it is the party who brings the product into the market, this can be the grower or brand owner, but also the packer, despatcher or shipper. One specific case are retailer brands: To become able to label the retailers own brand of a product, suppliers receive all needed information and item numbers from the retailer. It is also important to note that a trading

Example: Pre-packed units, content information

False: GTIN 4311501991053 for "Trusses of cocktail tomatoes 300g or 400g"

Why:

>> Trusses of cocktail tomatoes are differentiated by commercial type, country of origin and class (grade) (EU 543/2011 B 10). The packaging is for the target market Germany liable to licence fees according the „Verpackungsverordnung“. The base price is different.



Correct:

>> GTIN **4311502991069** for "Trusses of cocktail tomatoes Netherlands extra class 300g dish with cap"
>> GTIN 4311502991076 for "Trusses of cocktail tomatoes Netherlands extra class 400 g dish with cap"



partner who allocates GTINs for consumer goods will be held responsible for the GTINs of the trading units of these products. More information regarding the composition and the allocation of GTINs can be found in the relevant websites of GS1 (see page 9, "Additional information").

When a new GTIN needs to be allocated?

Produce and trade of most fruits and vegetables in the European Union is in most cases subject to the regulation

EU 543/2011, which has to be applied on every trade level. Fresh fruit and vegetables not regulated by this standard of commercialization have to comply with the general marketing standard of the European Union or the respective UN/ECE standard. In order to fulfil all demands of the supply chain for fruits and vegetables the present recommendation is based on the UN/ECE standards. The defined product characteristics clearly explain the conditions when a new GTIN has to be allocated and used.

If a basic characteristic or a packaging characteristic is different, always a new GTIN needs to be allocated. Also in the case of different product specific characteristics a new GTIN is needed if this characteristic applies to the product. The differentiation of apples can be used as an example: Apart from different basic and packaging characteristics also each size, sort and quality and, under special circumstances, also post harvest treatment, lead to a new GTIN.

Example: Trade Units, Differentiation

False: GTIN 4311502991083 for "Tomatoes"	Correct:
Why: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> >> Tomatoes are differentiated by commercial type, country of origin, size and class (grade) (EU 543/2011 B 10). >> The packaging is for transportation purpose and has to be treated according to relevant recycling regulations. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> >> GTIN 4311502991106 for "Tomatoes Italy class I 48 to 57 mm carton 5 kg" >> GTIN 4311502991113 for "Tomatoes yellow Italy class I 48 to 57 mm carton 5 kg"



Example: Trade units, Variety Packs/Mixes

False: GTIN 4311502991120 for "Mix of herbs in pot including pots"	Correct:
<p>Why:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> >> Most herbs in pots have to be differentiated by country of origin (EU 543/2011 A). Furthermore the pots need to be differentiated by size. >> For each composition of a mix a new GTIN has to be allocated and additionally a separate GTIN is needed for each herb in pot product. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> >> GTIN 4311502991137 for "Chives in pot Germany pot diameter 13 cm" >> GTIN 4311502991144 for "Parsley curly in pot Germany pot diameter 13 cm" >> GTIN 4311502991151 for "mixed herbs in pot Germany pot diameter 13 cm (6 pots chives, 6 pots parsley curly)" 

Basic Characteristics

- >> Commodity name (Botanic origin/ descendant from)
- >> Growing method (organic, conventional)
- >> Country of origin (optional also: region of origin or national, regional or local name of product)
- >> Brand name, if existing
- >> Premium attributes/commercial claim (air-transport, ready- to- eat, citrus fruit with leave)

Product specific characteristics

- >> Size
- >> Commercial class (grade, e.g. class I, class II)
- >> Colour
- >> Shape
- >> Variety
- >> Commercial type
- >> Colour of flesh
- >> Post-harvest treatment (chemical treatment and waxing)
- >> Post-harvest processing (physical treatment, e.g. washed)
- >> Cooking type
- >> Seed characteristic

Packaging characteristics

- >> Content (quantity in packing unit or pre-pack unit)
- >> Packaging and RTI type (pledge crate as packing unit, dish as pre-pack)
- >> Composition of variety packs or mixed crates (e.g. mixed head lettuces in packing unit, bicolor in pre-packed units)

Example: Trade Units, returnable empties

False: GTIN 4311502991168 for "oranges Spain class I 10 kg"	Correct:
Why: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> >> Oranges are differentiated by variety, country of origin, size and class (grade) (EU 543/2011 B2). Packaging has to be differentiated because it is a returnable transport packaging, for ex. a returnable crate of type EPS 186. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> >> GTIN 4311502991175 for "Oranges Cara- Cara Spain class I 1 10kg carton" >> GTIN 4311502991182 for "Oranges Cara- Cara Spain class I 1 10kg carton of type EPS 186" 

Basis for long term success in your business

Using the GTIN you lay the headstone for your success in business. As a supplier of fruits and vegetables you are able to fulfil legal requirements as well as commercial demands of retail. But the GTIN offers more opportunities: globally unique article numbers provide the key to modern electronic business processes. Single components of the GS1 System fit to each other as tools

in a tool box and can be combined according to your needs. Producers and suppliers are able to optimize their business processes step-by-step using this GS1 tool box.

One key word is "E-Business": Costs can be saved through transmitting orders, dispatch advices and invoices electronically. Mistakes are avoided and communication to customers is accelerated. All partners in the supply

chain gain benefit, starting from an effective quality assurance via effective traceability of goods to comprehensive consumer information.

Regarding all question around GTIN allocation and implementation do not hesitate to contact us:

GS1 Germany Service- Hotline
T +49 (0)221 947 14-567
E-Mail: service@g1-germany.de

Additional Information:

Information about structure and use of the GTIN (german)

[> GS1 Standards > Identifikation > Produkte \(GTIN\)](http://www.gs1-germany.de)

GS1 Germany (german)

www.gs1-germany.de

GTIN-Allocation Rules for Fresh Foods (english)

www.gs1.org/1/gtinrules/index.php?tid=32

GS1 Global Office (english)

www.gs1.org

UNECE Standards for Fresh Fruits and Vegetables (FFV) (english)

www.unece.org/trade/agr/standard/fresh/FFV-StandardsE.html

UNECE Standards for Dry and Dried Produce (DDP) (english)

www.unece.org/trade/agr/standard/dry/DDP-Standards.html

Codex Alimentarius – International Food Standards (english)

www.codexalimentarius.org

Bundesanstalt für Landwirtschaft und Ernährung

(German Federal Office for Agriculture and Food) (german, partly english)

[> Kontrolle > Qualitätskontrolle > Vermarktungsnormen](http://www.ble.de)

The following table shows different fruits and vegetables in alphabetic order.

The listed product characteristics enable you to proof when an independent GTIN has to be allocated.

M = different characteristics always lead to a new GTIN

C = different characteristics may lead to new GTIN
(e.g. depending on variety, class (grade) etc.)

R = It is recommended to allocate a new GTIN when
characteristics differ.

Commodity Name	Descendant from	Growing Method	Country of Origin	Brand Name	Premium Attributes	Size	Class (grade)
Almonds	Prunus amygdalus fragilis	M	M	M	M	-	-
American Persimmon	Diospyros virginiana	M	M	M	M	-	-
Ananas d'Amérique	Cucumis melo	M	M	M	M	M	M
Apples	Malus domestica	M	M	M	M	M	M
Apricots	Prunus armeniaca	M	M	M	M	C	M
Asparagus	Asparagus officinalis	M	M	M	M	M	M
Aubergines	Solanum melongena	M	M	M	M	C	M
Babacos	Carica pentagona	M	M	M	M	-	-
Bananas	Musa	M	M	M	M	-	-
Bananas	Musa	M	M	M	M	-	M
Baskavas	Cucumis melo	M	M	M	M	M	M
Beans	Phaseolus vulgaris	M	M	M	M	C	M
Beetroot	Beta vulgaris	M	M	M	M	-	M
Bilberries	Vaccinium myrtillus L	M	M	M	M	-	M
Bird's Eye Chili or Thai Chili	Capsicum annuum (Capsicum indicum)	M	M	M	M	-	-
Bitter Melon	Momordica charantia	M	M	M	M	-	-
Black Radish, Beer Radish, Daikon	Raphanus sativus L. var. niger	M	M	M	M	-	M
Black Salsify	Scorzonera	M	M	M	M	-	M
Blackberries	Rubus sect. Rubus	M	M	M	M	-	M
Branco	Cucumis melo	M	M	M	M	M	M
Broccoli	Brassica oleracea L. var. italica	M	M	M	M	C	M
Broccoli	Brassica oleracea L. var. italica x Bras	M	M	M	M	-	-
Brussels Sprouts	Brassica oleracea L. var. gemmifera	M	M	M	M	C	M
calabash	Lagenaria siceraria	M	M	M	M	-	-
Cantaloupe, Western Shipper	Cucumis melo	M	M	M	M	M	M
Cape Gooseberries	Physalis peruviana	M	M	M	M	-	-
Carambola	Averrhoa carambola	M	M	M	M	-	-
Carobs	Ceratonia siliqua	M	M	M	M	-	-
Carrots	Daucus carota	M	M	M	M	C	M
Cassia	Cassia fistula	M	M	M	M	-	-
Cauliflower	Brassica oleracea L. convar. botrytis	M	M	M	M	M	M
Celeriac	Apium graveolens var. rapaceum	M	M	M	M	-	M
Celery	Apium graveolens L. var. dulce Mill.	M	M	M	M	C	M
Cep or Penny Bun	Boletus edulis	M	M	M	M	-	M
Chanterelles	Cantharellus cibarius	M	M	M	M	C	M
Chard	Beta vulgaris var. flavescens	M	M	M	M	-	-
Chard	Beta vulgaris var. flavescens	M	M	M	M	-	M
Chayote, Pear Squash, Chouchoute	Sechium edule	M	M	M	M	-	-
Cherimoya	Annona cherimola	M	M	M	M	M	M
Chestnuts or Sweet Chestnuts	Castanea sativa	M	M	M	M	-	M
Chicorée, Witloof	Cichorium intybus var. foliosum	M	M	M	M	-	-

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Commodity Name	Descendant from	Growing Method	Country of Origin	Brand Name	Premium Attributes	Size	Class (grade)
Chilli Peppers	<i>Capsicum frutescens</i>	M	M	M	M	-	-
Chinese Cabbages	<i>Brassica pekinensis</i>	M	M	M	M	-	M
Choy Sum, Flowering Chinese Cabbage	<i>Brassica parachinensis</i>	M	M	M	M	-	-
Clementines	<i>Citrus clementina</i>	M	M	M	M	M	M
Coconut	<i>Cocos nucifera</i>	M	M	M	M	-	-
Common Chicory	<i>Cichorium intybus L. Sativum</i>	M	M	M	M	-	M
Common Dandelion	<i>Taraxacum officinale</i>	M	M	M	M	-	-
Common Medlar	<i>Mespilus germanica</i>	M	M	M	M	-	-
Courgette, Zucchini Squash	<i>Cucurbita pepo L.</i>	M	M	M	M	C	M
Cranberries	<i>Vaccinium macrocarpon</i>	M	M	M	M	-	M
Cranberries	<i>Vaccinium subgenus Oxycoccus</i>	M	M	M	M	-	M
Curuba, Banana Passionfruit	<i>Passiflora mollissima</i>	M	M	M	M	-	-
Damsons	<i>Prunus domestica L. ssp. domestica</i>	M	M	M	M	C	M
Dates	<i>Phoenix dactylifera</i>	M	M	M	M	-	-
Durian	<i>Durio zibethinus</i>	M	M	M	M	-	-
Elderberries	<i>Sambucus nigra</i>	M	M	M	M	-	-
Elephant Garlic, Wild Leaf	<i>Allium ampeloprasum</i>	M	M	M	M	-	-
Endive (Curled)	<i>Cichorium endivia L. var. crispum Lam</i>	M	M	M	M	M	M
Escarole	<i>Cichorium endivia L. var. latifolium Lam</i>	M	M	M	M	M	M
Feijoas	<i>Acca sellowiana</i>	M	M	M	M	-	-
Fennel	<i>Foeniculum vulgare</i>	M	M	M	M	M	M
Figs	<i>Ficus carica</i>	M	M	M	M	M	M
Finger Avocados	<i>Persea americana</i>	M	M	M	M	M	M
Galia	<i>Cucumis melo</i>	M	M	M	M	M	M
Garlic	<i>Allium sativum</i>	M	M	M	M	M	M
Ginger	<i>Zingiber officinale</i>	M	M	M	M	-	-
Globe Artichokes	<i>Cynara scolymus</i>	M	M	M	M	C	M
Gooseberries	<i>Ribes uva-crispa L.</i>	M	M	M	M	-	M
Grapefruit	<i>Citrus paradisi</i>	M	M	M	M	M	M
Green Charentais	<i>Cucumis melo</i>	M	M	M	M	M	M
Green Eastern Shipper	<i>Cucumis melo</i>	M	M	M	M	M	M
Greengages	<i>Prunus domestica L. ssp. Italica</i>	M	M	M	M	C	M
Guavas	<i>Psidium guajava</i>	M	M	M	M	-	-
Hazelnuts	<i>Corylus avellana, Corylus maxima</i>	M	M	M	M	M	M
Head Lettuce	<i>Lactuca sativa L. var. capitata L.</i>	M	M	M	M	M	M
Honey Dew	<i>Cucumis melo</i>	M	M	M	M	M	M
Honeydew	<i>Cucumis melo</i>	M	M	M	M	M	M
Horned Melon	<i>Cucumis metuliferus</i>	M	M	M	M	-	-
Horseradish	<i>Cochlearia armoracia L. syn. Armoracia I</i>	M	M	M	M	-	M
Hot Peppers	<i>Capsicum annuum var. longum Solanaceae</i>	M	M	M	M	-	-
Indian Date	<i>Tamarindus indica</i>	M	M	M	M	-	-

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Jackfruit	<i>Artocarpus heterophyllus</i>	M	M	M	M	-	-
Jalapeño	<i>Capsicum annuum</i>	M	M	M	M	-	-
Japanese Greens	<i>Brassica rapa</i> var. <i>japonica</i>	M	M	M	M	-	-
Jerusalem Artichokes	<i>Helianthus tuberosus</i>	M	M	M	M	-	-
Kaki/Sharon Fruit	<i>Diospyros kaki</i>	M	M	M	M	-	-
Kale	<i>Brassica oleracea</i> convar. <i>acephala</i> var.	M	M	M	M	-	-
Kirkagac	<i>Cucumis melo</i>	M	M	M	M	M	M
Kiwifruits	<i>Actinidia deliciosa</i> , <i>Actinidia chinensis</i>	M	M	M	M	M	M
Kohlrabi	<i>Brassica oleracea</i> var. <i>gongylodes</i> L.	M	M	M	M	-	M
Kumquat	<i>Fortunella</i>	M	M	M	M	-	-
Lambs Lettuce	<i>Valerianella locusta</i>	M	M	M	M	-	-
Leaf Lettuce	<i>Lactuca sativa</i> L. var. <i>crispula</i> L.	M	M	M	M	M	M
Leaf Lettuce		M	M	M	M	-	-
Leek	<i>Allium porrum</i>	M	M	M	M	C	M
Lemon Grass	<i>Cymbopogon citratus</i>	M	M	M	M	-	-
Lemons	<i>Citrus limon</i>	M	M	M	M	M	M
Limequats	<i>Citrus aurantifolia</i> x <i>Fortunella</i>	M	M	M	M	-	-
Limes	<i>Citrus aurantiifolia</i>	M	M	M	M	M	M
Limes	<i>Citrus latifolia</i>	M	M	M	M	M	M
Lingonberries	<i>Vaccinium vitis-idaea</i>	M	M	M	M	-	M
Longan	<i>Dimocarpus longan</i>	M	M	M	M	-	-
Lychees	<i>Litchi chinensis</i>	M	M	M	M	-	-
Mangos	<i>Mangifera indica</i>	M	M	M	M	M	M
Manioc, Cassava	<i>Manihot esculenta</i> Crantz	M	M	M	M	-	-
May Turnips	<i>Brassica rapa</i> var. <i>rapifera</i> subvar. <i>Maja</i>	M	M	M	M	-	M
Mirabelle, Yellow Plum	<i>Prunus domestica</i> L. ssp. <i>syriaca</i>	M	M	M	M	C	M
Mung Bean	<i>Vigna radiata</i>	M	M	M	M	-	-
Mushrooms (except cultivated champignon mushrooms, ceps, chanterelles and truffels)	e.g. <i>Pleurotus nebrodensis</i>	M	M	M	M	-	-
Mustard Greens	<i>Brassica juncea</i> (L.) Czern.	M	M	M	M	-	-
Mustard Greens, Chinese Mustard	<i>Brassica juncea</i>	M	M	M	M	-	-
Nashi	<i>Pyrus pyrifolia</i>	M	M	M	M	-	-
Nectarines	<i>Prunus persica</i> var. <i>nucipersica</i>	M	M	M	M	C	M
Ogen	<i>Cucumis melo</i>	M	M	M	M	M	M
Okra	<i>Abelmoschus esculentus</i>	M	M	M	M	-	-
Onion	<i>Allium cepa</i>	M	M	M	M	M	M
Oranges	<i>Citrus sinensis</i>	M	M	M	M	M	M
Pak Choi	<i>Brassica rapa</i> ssp. <i>Chinensis</i>	M	M	M	M	-	-
Palestine lime or Sweet Indian lime	<i>Citrus limettioides</i>	M	M	M	M	M	M
Papayas	<i>Carica papaya</i>	M	M	M	M	M	M

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Parsnips	Pastinaca	M	M	M	M	-	M
Peaches	Prunus persica	M	M	M	M	C	M
Pears	Pyrus communis	M	M	M	M	M	M
Peas	Pisum sativum	M	M	M	M	-	M
Pepino	Solanum muricatum	M	M	M	M	-	-
Pickling Cucumbers	Cucumis sativus	M	M	M	M	-	-
Piel de Sapo	Cucumis melo	M	M	M	M	M	M
Pineapples	Ananas comosus	M	M	M	M	C	M
Pistachio	Pistacia vera	M	M	M	M	C	M
Plantain Bananas	Musa	M	M	M	M	-	-
Plumcots and Pluots	Prunus armeniaca x Prunus salicina	M	M	M	M	-	-
Plums	Prunus domestica L. ssp. domestica	M	M	M	M	C	M
Pomegranates	Punica granatum	M	M	M	M	-	-
Potatoes	Solanum tuberosum	M	M	M	M	C	-
Potted Herbs		M	M	M	M	M	-
Potted Lettuce		M	M	M	M	-	-
Prickly Pear, Barbary Fig	Opuntia ficus-indica	M	M	M	M	-	-
Pummelos	Citrus maxima	M	M	M	M	M	M
Pumpkins/Winter Squash	Cucurbita	M	M	M	M	-	-
Puntarelle or Cicoria di Catalogna	Cichorium intybus var. foliosum	M	M	M	M	-	-
Purple Mangosteen	Garcinia mangostana	M	M	M	M	-	-
Purple Maracuja	Passiflora edulis edulis	M	M	M	M	-	-
Purple Salsify	Tragopogon porrifolius ssp. porrifolius	M	M	M	M	-	M
Purslane	Portulaca oleracea	M	M	M	M	-	-
Quinces	Cydonia oblonga	M	M	M	M	-	-
Raab or Rapini	Brassica rapa var. rapa var. cymosa	M	M	M	M	-	M
Radicchio	Cichorium intybus var. foliosum	M	M	M	M	-	-
Rambutan	Nephelium lappaceum	M	M	M	M	-	-
Raspberries	Rubus idaeus	M	M	M	M	-	M
Red Currant, Black Currant	Ribes	M	M	M	M	-	M
Redfleshed Sweet Pitayas	Hylocereus polyrhizus	M	M	M	M	-	-
Rhubarb	Rheum rhaboticum L.	M	M	M	M	-	M
Rochet	Cucumis melo	M	M	M	M	M	M
Rocket	Eruca sativa	M	M	M	M	-	M
Romaine Lettuce	Lactuca sativa var. longifolia	M	M	M	M	M	M
Romanesco	Brassica oleracea L. convar. botrytis	M	M	M	M	M	M
Root Parsley	Petroselinum crispum subsp. tuberosum	M	M	M	M	-	M
Salak Fruit or Snake Fruit	Salacca zalacca	M	M	M	M	-	-
Satsuma Mandarins	Citrus unshiu	M	M	M	M	M	M
Scotch Bonnet, Habanero	Capsicum chinense	M	M	M	M	-	-
Shallots	Allium ascalonicum	M	M	M	M	M	M

M = different characteristics always lead to a new GTIN

C = different characteristics may lead to new GTIN
(e.g. depending on variety, class (grade) etc.)

R = It is recommended to allocate a new GTIN when
characteristics differ.

Commodity Name	Descendant from	Growing Method	Country of Origin	Brand Name	Premium Attributes	Size	Class (grade)
Siberian Kale	<i>Brassica napus</i> <i>pabularia</i>	M	M	M	M	-	-
Siberian Pear, Manchurian Pear, Ussurian Pear	<i>Pyrus ussuriensis</i> var. <i>viridis</i>	M	M	M	M	-	-
Slicing Cucumbers	<i>Cucumis sativus</i>	M	M	M	M	C	M
Small Radish, Radishes	<i>Raphanus sativus</i> var. <i>sativus</i>	M	M	M	M	-	M
Sorrel	<i>Rumex acetosa</i>	M	M	M	M	-	-
Soup Greens		M	M	M	M	-	-
Spinach	<i>Spinacia oleracea</i>	M	M	M	M	-	M
Strawberries	<i>Fragaria</i>	M	M	M	M	-	M
Sugarcane	<i>Saccharum officinarum</i> L.	M	M	M	M	-	-
Swedish Turnips, Rutabagas	<i>Brassica napus</i> var. <i>napobrassica</i> , <i>Brassi</i>	M	M	M	M	-	M
Sweet Cherries	<i>Prunus avium</i> L.	M	M	M	M	-	M
Sweet Corn	<i>Zea mays</i> var. <i>saccharata</i>	M	M	M	M	-	-
Sweet Granadilla	<i>Passiflora ligularis</i>	M	M	M	M	-	-
Sweet Peppers	<i>Capsicum annuum</i> var. <i>annuum</i>	M	M	M	M	C	M
Sweet Potatoe	<i>Ipomoea batatas</i> L.	M	M	M	M	-	-
Table Grapes	<i>Vitis vinifera</i>	M	M	M	M	-	M
Tamarillo	<i>Cyphomandra betacea</i>	M	M	M	M	-	-
Tangerines/ Other Mandarins	<i>Citrus reticulata</i> , <i>Citrus deliciosa</i> , <i>Citrus tangerina</i>	M	M	M	M	M	M
Tatsoi	<i>Brassica rapa</i> var. <i>rosularis</i>	M	M	M	M	-	-
Teltow Turnips	<i>Brassica rapa</i> var. <i>rapifera</i> subvar. <i>Pygm</i>	M	M	M	M	-	M
Tendral	<i>Cucumis melo</i>	M	M	M	M	M	M
Tomatillo	<i>Physalis philadelphica</i>	M	M	M	M	-	-
Tomatoes	<i>Lycopersicum esculentum</i>	M	M	M	M	C	M
Truffle	Tuber	M	M	M	M	-	M
Turnip greens	<i>Brassica rapa</i> var. <i>Rapifera</i> ssp. <i>Pabular</i>	M	M	M	M	-	M
Turnip Rooted Chervil	<i>Chaerophyllum bulbosum</i>	M	M	M	M	-	M
Turnips	<i>Brassica rapa</i> ssp. <i>rapa</i>	M	M	M	M	-	M
Turnips	<i>Brassica rapa</i> var. <i>rapa</i> subvar. <i>Esculent</i>	M	M	M	M	-	M
Walnuts	<i>Juglans regia</i>	M	M	M	M	M	M
Watercress	<i>Nasturtium officinale</i>	M	M	M	M	-	M
Watermelon	<i>Citrullus lanatus</i>	M	M	M	M	C	M
White Cabbages	<i>Brassica oleracea</i> var. <i>capitata</i>	M	M	M	M	-	M
White Mushroom, Cultivated Mushroom	<i>Agaricus bisporus</i>	M	M	M	M	C	M
Whitefleshed Sweet Pitayas	<i>Hylocereus undatus</i>	M	M	M	M	-	-
Witloof	<i>Cichorium intybus</i> L. var. <i>foliosum</i> Hegi	M	M	M	M	M	M
Yam	<i>Dioscorea</i> L	M	M	M	M	-	-
Yellow Charentais	<i>Cucumis melo</i>	M	M	M	M	M	M
Yellow Eastern Shipper	<i>Cucumis melo</i>	M	M	M	M	M	M
Yellow Maracujas	<i>Passiflora edulis</i> <i>flavicarpa</i>	M	M	M	M	-	-
Yellow Pitaya	<i>Selenicereus megalanthus</i>	M	M	M	M	-	-

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